

Western Nevada College

SEXUAL CONDUCT AND SAFETY SURVEY



Nevada Center for Surveys,
Evaluation, and Statistics

Jordan D. Clark, MA
Graduate Research Assistant – CSES

Veronica Blas Dahir
Director, Survey Operations Lab - CSES



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Executive Summary

The Nevada Center for Surveys, Evaluation, and Statistics (CSES) sampled 2,503 students from Western Nevada College (WNC) via a web-survey between April and May 2017 to assess attitudes, perceptions, and experiences related to sexual conduct and campus safety. Overall, 408 students (16.3%) completed the survey and an additional 66 students (2.6%) partially completed the survey. Thus, a total of 474 students (18.9%) provided usable responses to the survey.

The survey sample approximated the characteristics of WNC students. That is, respondents were mainly female (63.9%), white (67.7%) or Hispanic (17.8%), younger than 35 years of age (68.4%), and heterosexual (88.4%).

Respondents generally reported favorable attitudes toward WNC and the WNC administration with most respondents reporting strong agreement with statements such as “I feel safe at WNC” and “I think the faculty are genuinely concerned about my welfare.” Respondents were also optimistic about the way they tended to believe that WNC would respond to reports of sexual assaults. For example, there was strong agreement with the statement: “The college would take the report seriously.”

Less than half of WNC students (30.2% or less) reported any exposure to each of several types of information about sexual assault (e.g., information about how to report a sexual assault at WNC). However, reports of low exposure rates are accompanied by high rates of *interest* in receiving those same types of information. For example, only 13.6% of students reported seeing or hearing about crime alerts for sexual assault, but 46.2% of respondents reported being interested in receiving more information about crime alerts.

Respondents tended to feel that sexual assault and sexual misconduct was not a problem at WNC and that they could personally do something about sexual assault and sexual misconduct. Respondents also tended to report that they were not involved in efforts to end sexual assault and sexual misconduct at WNC.

About eight percent of respondents indicated that they had a friend or acquaintance who told the respondent that he or she was a victim of an unwanted sexual experience and 3.0% of respondents believed that they had witnessed a situation that could have led to a sexual assault. Many students reported responding to witnessing a situation potentially leading to sexual assault with some sort of intervention, such as asking the person who appeared to be at risk if he or she needed help (41.7%), creating a distraction to diffuse the situation (33.3%), and separating the people involved (29.2%).

Most respondents (74.2%) indicated that they had sexual intercourse within the last year. Of those respondents who reported sexual intercourse, low rates of drug use prior or during the most recent sexual encounter were reported (8.2% used alcohol; 3.3% used a different drug).

A small fraction of respondents (< 1%) indicated that they had personally committed acts of sexual harassment while attending WNC, such as spreading sexual rumors about another person. However, respondents (11.8%) reported *experiencing* sexual harassment and the most frequently reported experience was someone else making unwanted sexual advances, gestures, or comments directed at the respondent.

Respondents who were currently in an intimate or romantic relationship (67.1%) tended to report committing high frequencies of positive behaviors directed toward their partners as well as experiencing those behaviors committed by their partners toward respondents (e.g., showing respect for partners' feelings about an issue). The most frequently reported negative behaviors involved non-violent behaviors, the most common of which was shouting or yelling at one's partner (34.6%). The least frequently reported behaviors were the most violent (e.g., choking one's partner or being choked by one's partner).

Most respondents (> 90%) reported that they had not experienced various forms of interpersonal violence while they were students at WNC. The most commonly experienced form of interpersonal violence was respondents being slapped by their partners at least once (7.4%).

Eighteen respondents (4.4%) reported that they experienced being pressured into engaging in an unwanted sexual act and 17 respondents (4.2%) reported being the victim of at least one sexual assault while attending WNC. Taken together, a total of 24 respondents (5.1%) reported experiencing *any* form of unwanted sexual encounter while attending WNC.¹ Follow-up questions revealed that, of the 17 reported sexual assaults or suspected assaults, most took place off campus (88.2%) and only two assaults (11.8%) took place on the WNC campus. Nine respondents reported voluntarily consuming drugs prior to the incident, eight of whom indicated drinking alcohol and one of whom reported taking some other drug. Nine respondents reported that the perpetrator's use of drugs was involved in the incident, seven of whom reported that the perpetrator had consumed alcohol and all nine of whom reported that the perpetrator was using some other kind of drug. Five respondents reported that they suspected consuming any kind of drug without their knowledge.

Respondents who experienced a sexual assault while at WNC reported that the perpetrators were mostly male (n = 15; 88.2%), and were either acquaintances or non-romantic friends (n = 8; 47.1%).

In the aftermath of the sexual assault(s), most respondents reported that they told someone else about the assault (n = 10, 58.8%). Respondents most frequently told a close friend (n = 8; 47.1%), a romantic partner (n = 4; 23.5%), and/or a parent or guardian (n = 2; 11.8%). However, no respondents decided to tell personnel affiliated with WNC. When asked about the reasons why they chose not to tell someone or hesitated to tell someone about the assault, the most common responses were that they wanted to forget what happened (n = 10; 58.8%), they felt it was a private matter (n = 7; 41.2%), and that they felt somewhat responsible for what happened (n = 7; 41.2%).

¹ Some students experienced both sexual coercion and sexual assault, so the total number of individuals who experienced any form of unwanted sexual contact is less than the sum of both groups.

When asked about the effect that the assault had on respondents' academic goals, seven (41.2%) reported that the assault "somewhat" or "absolutely" affected their grades and seven (41.2%) considered leaving WNC or transferring to another college.

Please note that in some cases, the question drills down to a small subset of respondents which then limits the generalizability of the data. Caution must be used when interpreting these percentages, such as, for example, the percentage mentioned in the previous paragraph (41.2%) only refers to 7 respondents.

Introduction

The Nevada Center for Surveys, Evaluation, and Statistics (CSES) conducted a web survey to assess attitudes, perceptions, and experiences regarding sexual conduct and campus safety at Western Nevada College. Data collection took place over a 5-week period beginning in April 2017 and ending in May 2017. This report provides the results of that survey.

Method

Students enrolled at Western Nevada College (WNC) were E-mailed with an invitation to participate in the Sexual Conduct and Campus Safety Survey (SCCS) on April 11th, 2017. The students surveyed included everyone over the age of 17 who were not also enrolled in high school. Subsequent reminder E-mails were sent to students who had not completed the survey on April 19, April 24, May 4, and May 10. The survey was closed to further participation on May 12, 2017. Each student was provided with a unique Uniform Resource Locator (URLs) which directed them to the survey website and allowed researchers to track response rates. After data collection was completed, demographic data provided by WNC (i.e., students' gender, race, and age) were merged with responses that students provided to the survey. The data were then anonymized to ensure that responses could not be linked to personally identifying information.

Results are reported in two formats: Means and distributions. Means are reported for items in which a rating scale format was used (e.g., "On a scale of 1 to 7...") to provide a succinct summary of responses and comparisons of subgroups (e.g., Men vs. Women). Statistical significance of group differences was determined by examining the 95% confidence intervals (CIs) for the means of each group. Because the current survey is based on a sample of WNC students, the means presented in this report are only an approximation of the *true* means that would be obtained if all WNC students had completed the survey. Thus, if the mean for one group is different from another group, it is uncertain whether that difference is a true difference in the population. Confidence intervals provide a *range* of values that are likely to contain the *true* mean. Confidence intervals are reported as two values within a pair of brackets. The first value is the *lower bound* and the second is the *upper bound*. An example of non-overlapping confidence intervals is "95% CI [2.71, 3.42] and [3.55, 4.73]", indicating that the mean for the first group is likely to be somewhere between 2.71 and 3.42 whereas the mean for the second group is likely to be between 3.55 and 4.73. Because these two ranges do not overlap, this is an example of a statistically significant difference between the two groups.

Distributions are reported as counts and percentages for items with response options that could not be numerically ordered (e.g., yes/no, male/female/other, etc.). To determine if differences between the distributions of two groups was statistically significant, two-sided z-tests for the difference between proportions were used with a significance level set to 0.01.

Sample Characteristics and Response Rates

Demographic data for the population of WNC students was provided to the CSES by WNC to compare the characteristics of respondents with those of the population from which respondents were selected. Table 1 summarizes these sample characteristics and provides response rates by demographic groups when possible. In general, there are no notable differences between the characteristics of the survey sample and those of the population of WNC students. Response rates are presented as the percentage of respondents from each group who provided at least one usable response to the survey.

Table 1: Sample and Population Characteristics

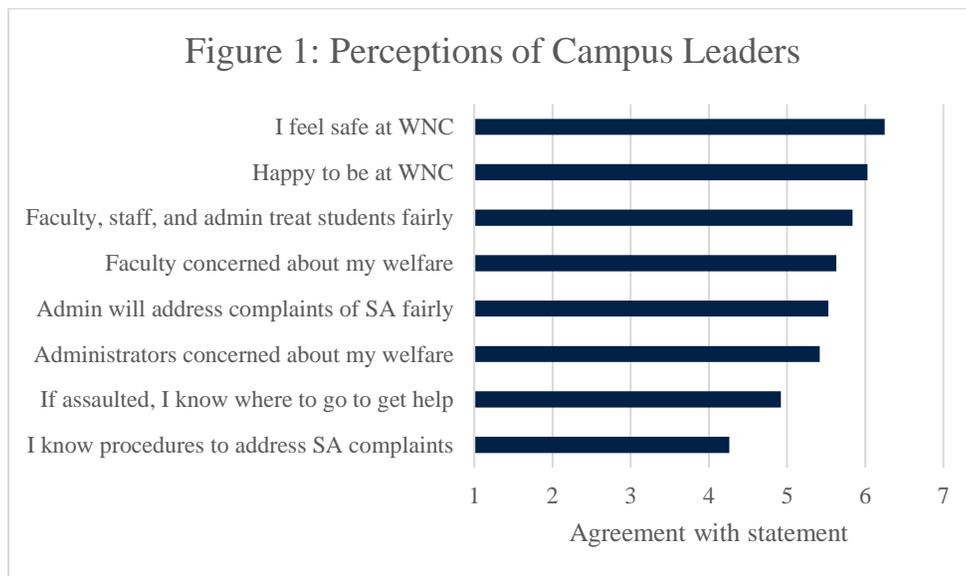
	Survey		Population		Response Rate
	N	%	N	%	%
Gender					
Women	297	63.9%	1373	54.9%	21.6%
Men	168	36.1%	1130	45.1%	14.9%
Missing	9	N/A	0	0.0%	N/A
<i>Total</i>	<i>474</i>	<i>100.0%</i>	<i>2503</i>	<i>100.0%</i>	<i>N/A</i>
Race					
White	315	67.7%	1610	64.3%	19.6%
Hispanic	83	17.8%	532	21.3%	15.6%
Other	18	3.9%	120	4.8%	15.0%
Native American	14	3.0%	50	2.0%	28.0%
Multiracial	14	3.0%	67	2.7%	20.9%
Asian	10	2.2%	47	1.9%	21.3%
Black	8	1.7%	55	2.2%	14.5%
Pacific Islander	3	0.6%	22	0.9%	13.6%
Missing	9	N/A	0	N/A	N/A
<i>Total</i>	<i>474</i>	<i>100.0%</i>	<i>2503</i>	<i>100.0%</i>	<i>N/A</i>
Age					
18-24	201	43.2%	1090	43.5%	18.4%
25-34	117	25.2%	726	29.0%	16.1%
35-44	64	13.8%	337	13.5%	19.0%
45-54	50	10.8%	212	8.5%	23.6%
55-64	25	5.4%	96	3.8%	26.0%
65+	8	1.7%	42	1.7%	19.0%
Missing	9	N/A	0	N/A	N/A
<i>Total</i>	<i>474</i>	<i>100.0%</i>	<i>2503</i>	<i>100.0%</i>	<i>N/A</i>
Sexual Orientation*					
Heterosexual	380	88.4%	N/A	N/A	N/A
Homosexual	8	1.9%	N/A	N/A	N/A
Other	42	9.8%	N/A	N/A	N/A
Missing	44	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
<i>Total</i>	<i>474</i>	<i>100.0%</i>	<i>N/A</i>	<i>N/A</i>	<i>N/A</i>

Results

Perceptions of Campus Leaders

Overall perceptions

Respondents were asked to report the extent to which they agreed with eight statements about their overall perceptions of campus leaders at WNC on a scale ranging from 1 (*Strongly Disagree*) to 7 (*Strongly Agree*). Respondents generally reported positive perceptions of campus leaders. Statements receiving the strongest agreement were “I feel safe at WNC” (M = 6.25), and “I am happy to be at this college” (M = 6.03). The statements receiving the least agreement were “If a friend or I were sexually assaulted, I know where to go to get help” (M = 4.92) and “I know the procedures to address complaints of sexual assault” (M = 4.26; Note: Although the aforementioned statements received the least overall agreement, respondents still tended to agree with those statements; see Figure 1).

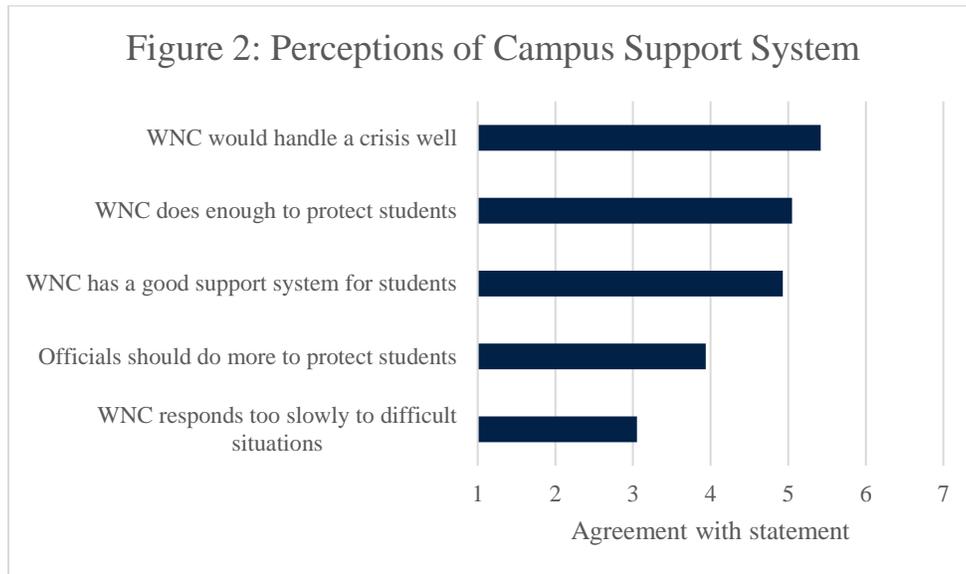


There was no evidence that perceptions of campus leaders varied significantly based on gender or race, but responses to three of the above items did differ by sexual orientation. Compared to heterosexual respondents, non-heterosexual respondents tended to agree less with the statements “I feel safe at WNC” (95% CIs [6.25, 6.45] and [5.50, 6.17] respectively), “I am happy to be at this college” (95% CIs [6.06, 6.31] and [4.98, 5.78] respectively), and “Faculty, staff, and administrators at this school treat students fairly” (95% CIs [5.83, 6.10] and [5.00, 5.71] respectively).

Perceptions of campus support system

Respondents were asked to report their agreement with five statements about the way college officials would respond to situations involving conflict and student safety using a 7-point scale

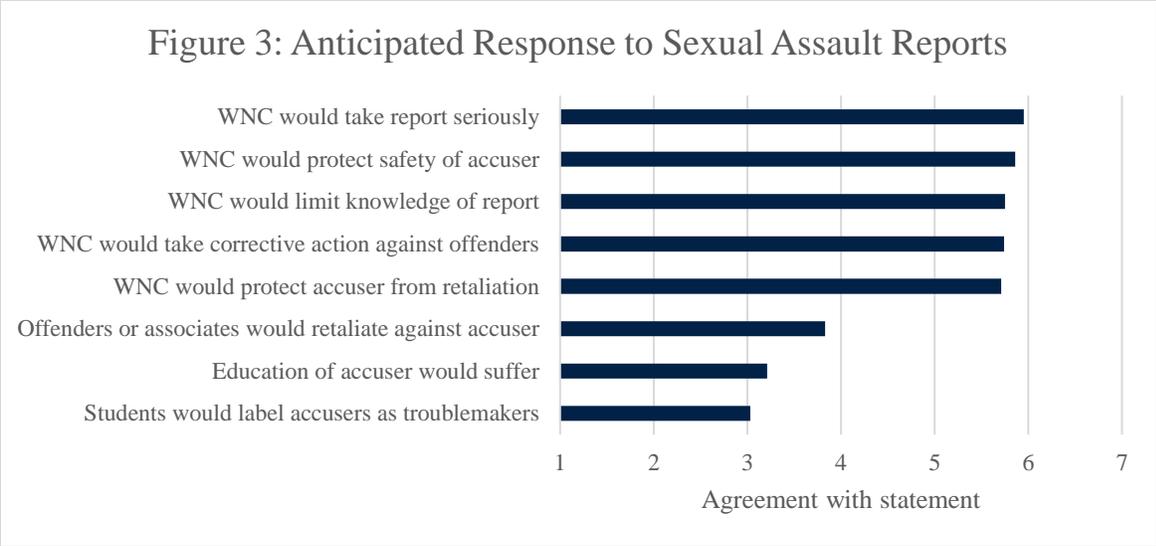
ranging from 1 (*Strongly Disagree*) to 7 (*Strongly Agree*). Respondents tended to believe that WNC would handle a crisis well (M = 5.42), that WNC does enough to protect students (M = 5.05), and that WNC has a good support system for students going through difficult times (M = 4.93). There was mixed agreement with the statement “College officials (administrators, public safety officers) should do more to protect students from harm” (M = 3.94) and respondents tended to disagree with the statement “The college responds too slowly in difficult situations” (M = 3.05; see Figure 2).



There was no evidence perceptions of specific behaviors depended on respondents’ gender, race, or sexual orientation.

Anticipated response to reports of sexual assault

Respondents were asked to predict the likelihood of eight potential outcomes that might follow from someone reporting a sexual assault to college officials. Responses were given using a 7-point scale ranging from 1 (*Not at all likely*) to 7 (*Very likely*). In general, respondents tended to believe that it is very likely that WNC would take the report seriously (M = 5.95), protect the safety of the accuser (M = 5.86), limit the knowledge of the report only to people who needed to know (M = 5.75), take corrective action against offenders (M = 5.74), and protect the accuser from retaliation (M = 5.71). Respondents tended to believe that the following outcomes were the least likely: That alleged offender(s) or their associates would retaliate against accusers (M = 3.83), that the education of the accuser would suffer (M = 3.21), and that students would label accusers as “troublemakers” (M = 3.03; see Figure 3).



There was no evidence perceptions of specific behaviors depended on respondents’ gender, race, or sexual orientation.

Training and Exposure to Information about Sexual Assault

Respondents were asked to share whether they have had any training that is relevant to sexual assault, whether they have been exposed to sources of information about sexual assault, and whether they would be interested in receiving information about sexual assault.

Training Received

One item asked participants whether they had received any training in the policies, procedures, or prevention of sexual assault while a student at WNC. Less than one-third of all respondents (28.4%) indicated that they had received such training. Of the respondents who received training (n = 103), most reported that their training was provided by Emails from the WNC administration (61.2%). Other respondents indicated that they received training from counseling services (23.3%), a campus organization that was not listed on the survey (19.4%) and/or an organization that is not affiliated with WNC (13.6%; see Table 2).

Organizations	Yes	%	No	%
Email	63	61.2%	40	38.8%
Counseling Services	24	23.3%	79	76.7%
Other Campus Organization	20	19.4%	83	80.6%
Non-Campus Organization	14	13.6%	89	86.4%

Exposure and Interest in Sexual Assault Information

To understand the dissemination of outreach material about sexual assault, respondents were shown a list of 12 potential information sources and asked to report whether they had any exposure to each source of information as well as whether they would be interested in receiving each type of information. Responses indicate that no single source of information was seen or heard by more than 50% of respondents. The sources of information to which the most respondents were exposed were “Posters about sexual assault” (30.2%), “Information about how to report a sexual assault” (25.7%), and “Information about Title IX protections against sexual assault” (20.1%). The sources of information with which respondents were least familiar were “Volunteering or interning with organizations that address sexual assault” (5.8%), “Attending rallies or other campus events about sexual assault” (5.8%), and “Reports about sexual violence rates at WNC” (5.0%).

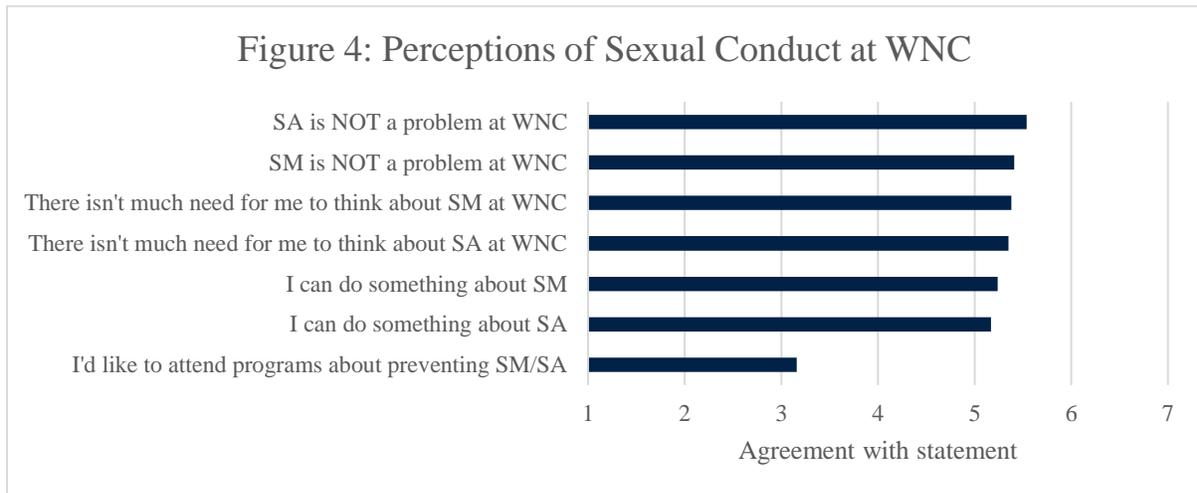
Rates of *interest* in sexual assault outreach materials were notably higher compared to rates of actual exposure to those materials. For example, only 5% of respondents had seen or heard about a “Report about sexual violence rates at WNC”, but nearly 45% of respondents indicated interest in receiving such a report. Specifically, respondents were most interested in “Information about how to report a sexual assault at WNC” (54.2%), “Crime alerts about sexual assault” (46.2%), and “Reports about sexual violence rates at WNC” (44.6%). Respondents were least interested in “Sexual assault in student publications or media outlets” (30.0%), “Volunteering or interning with organizations that address sexual assault” (30.0%), and “Taking a class to learn more about sexual assault” (30.8%; see Table 3).

Item	Have you seen or heard of...?		Would you be interested in...?	
	Yes	%	Yes	%
Posters about sexual assault	42	30.2%	53	40.8%
Information about how to report a sexual assault at WNC	36	25.7%	71	54.2%
Information about Title IX protections against sexual assault	28	20.1%	56	43.1%
Sexual assault in a student publication or student media outlet	26	18.7%	39	30.0%
Discussed sexual assault/rape in class	25	18.0%	54	40.9%
Visited a WNC website with information on sexual assault	22	15.7%	48	36.6%
Campus administrators addressing sexual assault	19	13.7%	43	32.8%
Crime alerts about sexual assaults	19	13.6%	61	46.2%
Taken a class to learn more about sexual assault	14	10.1%	40	30.8%
Volunteered/interned at an organization addressing sexual assault	8	5.8%	39	30.0%
Attended a rally or other campus event about sexual assault	8	5.8%	35	26.7%
Read a report about sexual violence rates at WNC	7	5.0%	58	44.6%

Exposure and Interest rates in sexual assault outreach materials did not differ by gender, race, or sexual orientation.

Perceptions of Sexual Assault and Sexual Misconduct at WNC

Respondents were asked to report their agreement with a set of seven statements describing perceptions one might or might not have about sexual assault at WNC. Responses were recorded using a 7-point scale ranging from 1 (*Strongly Disagree*) to 7 (*Strongly Agree*). Agreement was highest with the statement “Sexual assault is NOT a problem at WNC” (M = 5.54), followed by “Sexual misconduct is NOT a problem at WNC” (M = 5.41), and “There isn’t much need for me to think about sexual misconduct at WNC” (M = 5.38). The only item with which respondents tended to disagree was “I’d like to attend programs about preventing sexual misconduct / sexual assault” (M = 3.16; see Figure 4).



Two items assessed respondents’ involvement in efforts to end sexual misconduct and sexual assault using a scale ranging from 1 (*Not at all True*) to 7 (*Very True*). Respondents tended to indicate that neither statement was true of themselves. Specifically, respondents tended to perceive the statements “I am or was involved in efforts to end sexual misconduct and sexual assault at WNC” and “I’ve recently taken part in activities focused on ending sexual misconduct and sexual assault at WNC” as untrue descriptors of themselves (Ms = 1.86 and 2.00 respectively).

Responses to Situations that could have led to Sexual Assault

Two questions were presented to respondents to learn more about their knowledge of other people experiencing sexual misconduct or sexual assault. Results indicate that 34 respondents (7.8%) had a friend or acquaintance who told the respondent that he or she was a victim of an unwanted sexual experience. Thirteen respondents (3.0%) reported that they had observed a situation that they believed could lead to a sexual assault and another fourteen respondents (3.2%) were unsure if they had observed an instance of potential sexual assault.

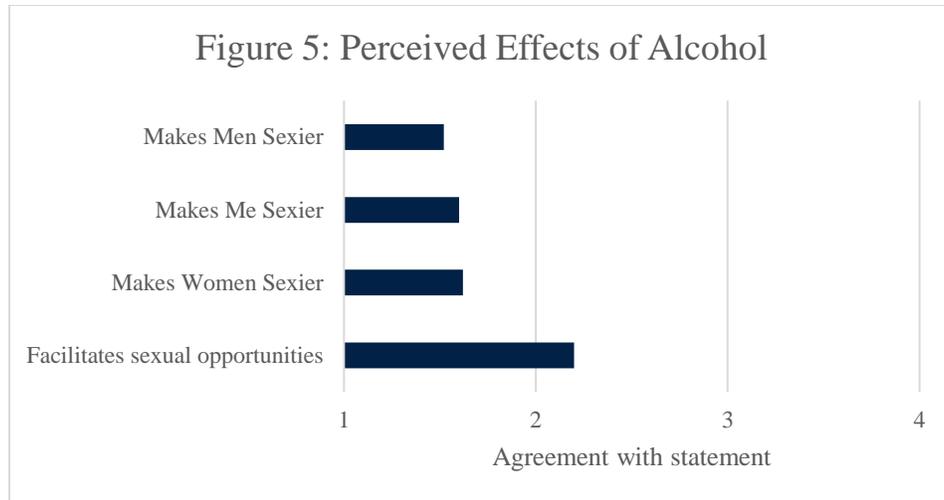
Item	Yes	%	No	%
I asked the person who appeared to be at risk if they needed help.	10	41.7%	14	58.3%
I created a distraction to diffuse the situation.	8	33.3%	16	66.7%
I separated the people involved in the situation.	7	29.2%	17	70.8%
I confronted the person who appeared to be causing the situation.	7	29.2%	17	70.8%
I asked others to help diffuse the situation.	6	25.0%	18	75.0%
I told someone in a position of authority about the situation.	5	20.8%	19	79.2%
While considering the situation, I lost the opportunity to take action.	5	20.8%	19	79.2%
I considered intervening, but I could not safely take any action.	3	12.5%	21	87.5%
I decided not to take action.	2	8.3%	22	91.7%

The 27 respondents who indicated that they did observe or might have observed a situation that could lead to a sexual assault were asked a series of nine follow-up questions to assess how each individual responded to the situation. The most frequent response to a situation that could lead to sexual assault was “Asked the person who appeared to be at risk if they needed help” (41.7%), followed by “Created a distraction to cause one or more of the people to disengage” (33.3%), “Separated the people involved” (29.2%), and “I confronted the person who appeared to be causing the situation” (29.2%). The least common responses were “I decided not to take action” (8.3%), “I could not safely take any action” (12.5%), and “I lost the opportunity to take action” (20.8%; see Table 4).

Perceived Effects of Alcohol

Respondents were asked to indicate their agreement with four statements describing the effects that alcohol can have on themselves and others. Responses were recorded using a scale ranging from 1 (*No!!!*), indicating strong disagreement, to 4 (*Yes!!!*), indicating strong agreement. Responses tended toward strong disagreement with the following three statements: “makes men sexier” ($M = 1.52$), “makes me sexier” ($M = 1.60$), and “makes women sexier” ($M = 1.62$). Agreement was split with the final statement: “facilitates sexual opportunities” ($M = 2.20$; see Figure 5).

Agreement with two of the statements describing the effects of alcohol differed based on respondents’ gender. Specifically, men (vs. women) tended to report more agreement with the statements “makes women sexier” (95% CIs [1.76, 2.05] and [1.38, 1.55] respectively) and “makes me sexier” (95% CIs [1.67, 1.96] and [1.39, 1.57] respectively). Although this difference is statistically significant, both men and women tended to indicate disagreement with the aforementioned statements.



Experiences with Sexual Harassment at WNC

A series of questions were presented to respondents to learn more about their sexual experiences as WNC students. Most respondents (n = 311, 74.2%) indicated that they had sexual intercourse within one year since completing the survey. Among respondents who reported having intercourse within the last year, 25 (8.2%) reported that they had consumed alcohol during their most recent sexual encounter and 10 (3.3%) reported that they had been using a drug other than alcohol during their most recent sexual encounter (see Table 5).

Item	Yes	%	No	%
Had sexual intercourse within the last year?	311	74.2%	108	25.8%
Drank alcohol the last time you had sexual intercourse?	25	8.2%	279	91.8%
Used other drugs the last time you has sexual intercourse?	10	3.3%	295	96.7%

Using a list of five statements describing different forms of sexual harassment, respondents were asked to indicate whether they had personally engaged in any of the listed behaviors. Very few respondents indicated that they had committed any of the listed behaviors and the most frequently reported behavior was “Made sexual advances, gestures, comments, or jokes that were unwelcome” (0.7%), followed by “Showed/sent sexual unwelcome pictures, photos, or videos” (0.2%), “Flashed or exposed body parts without consent” (0.2%), and “Spread sexual rumors” (0.2%). Nobody reported that they had personally watched or taken pictures/videos of someone when they were nude or having sex without their consent (see Table 6).

There was no evidence that rates of committing any form of sexual harassment depended on the sex, race, or sexual orientation of respondents.

Table 6. Self and others' commission of sexual harassment

Item	I did this		Someone else did this	
		%		%
Made unwelcome sexual advances, gestures, comments, or jokes	3	0.7%	48	11.8%
Showed or sent unwelcome sexual pictures, photos, or videos	1	0.2%	23	5.7%
Flashed or exposed body parts without consent	1	0.2%	5	1.2%
Spread sexual rumors	1	0.2%	10	2.5%
Watched/recorded someone who was nude/having sex, without their consent	0	0.0%	3	0.7%

In addition to reporting their own behaviors, respondents were asked to indicate whether *someone else* had directed the same five acts toward the respondents. The most frequently reported experiences were that someone else had “Made sexual advances, gestures, comments, or jokes that were unwelcome” directed at the respondent (11.8%), that someone else “Showed or sent sexual pictures, photos, or videos [to the respondent] that were unwelcome” (5.7%), and that someone else had “Flashed or exposed body parts without consent” to the respondent (1.2%). The least frequently reported experiences were that someone else had “Watched or took photos/videos of [respondent] when [respondent] was nude or having sex, without their consent” (0.7%) and that someone else had “spread sexual rumors” about the respondent (2.5%).

The likelihood of a respondent being the target of any type of sexual harassment differed based on the sex and sexual orientation of the respondent. Women were more likely than men to report that someone else had “Made sexual advances, gestures, comments, or jokes that were unwelcome” (14.9% vs 5.1% respectively; $z = 2.89, p < 0.01$). No other sex-differences were observed. Heterosexual respondents were less likely to report being the target of four types of harassment. Specifically, heterosexual respondents were less likely to report that someone else had “Made sexual advances, gestures, comments, or jokes that were unwelcome” (10.3% vs 23.4% respectively; $z = 2.62, p < 0.01$), followed by “Showed/sent sexual unwelcome pictures, photos, or videos” (4.2% vs 17.0% respectively; $z = 3.57, p < 0.01$), “Flashed or exposed body parts without consent” (0.6% vs 6.4% respectively; $z = 3.39, p < 0.01$), and “Spread sexual rumors” (1.7% vs 8.5% respectively; $z = 2.82, p < 0.01$). There was no evidence that responses differed based on respondents’ race.

Experiences with Significant Others while at WNC

Respondents who were currently in a romantic or intimate relationship (*paired*) were asked a series of questions to learn more about experiences within these relationships. Overall, most respondents reported that they were paired (67.1%), but women had a significantly greater likelihood of being paired than men (73.7% vs 54.7% respectively; $z = 3.93, p < 0.01$).

A list of 37 phrases were presented to paired respondents, each of which described interpersonal acts ranging from desirable/positive (e.g., “showed care to my partner even though we disagreed”) to undesirable/negative (e.g., “slapped partner”; see Table 7). For each phrase, respondents were asked to indicate whether they had personally committed the act and whether their partners had committed the act. Results indicate three general trends: First, the frequency of

each behavior enacted by respondents was roughly equal to the frequency with which that same behavior was enacted by respondents' partners. Thus, behaviors that were commonly committed by respondents were also commonly committed by partners. The second trend was that positive behaviors were much more frequent than negative behaviors. Finally, the third observed trend was for respondents to report committing positive acts more frequently than their partners and to report committing negative acts less frequently than their partners.

Respondents were most likely to report personally enacting positive behaviors. Those included: "Showed respect for my partner's feelings about an issue" (88.1%), "Showing care to my partner even though we disagreed" (86.6%), and "Explained own side of a disagreement" (85.1%). These acts were also the most frequently reported behaviors enacted by respondents' partners (74.6%, 76.9%, and 75.4% respectively). The most frequently reported *negative* behaviors enacted by respondents were "Shouted or yelled at partner" (34.6%), "Insulted or swore at partner" (27.1%), and "Stomped out of the room or house/apartment during a disagreement" (18.0%). Respondents' partners also reportedly enacted these behaviors at similar rates (30.8%, 24.8%, and 16.5% respectively). There were many behaviors which were reported to occur rarely or not at all. For example, no respondents indicated that they had received or caused a broken bone during a fight with their partners, that they had used a gun or a knife on their partner, or that they had passed out from being hit on the head by their partner during a fight.

Item	I		Partner	
	did	%	did	%
Showed respect for my partner's feelings about an issue	118	88.1%	100	74.6%
Showed care to my partner even though we disagreed	116	86.6%	103	76.9%
Explained own side of a disagreement	114	85.1%	101	75.4%
Suggested a compromise to a disagreement	111	82.8%	96	71.6%
Said we could work out a problem	110	82.1%	98	73.1%
Agreed to try partner's solution to a disagreement	104	77.6%	88	65.7%
Shouted or yelled at partner	46	34.6%	41	30.8%
Insulted or swore at partner	36	27.1%	33	24.8%
Stomped out of the room or house/apartment during a disagreement	24	18.0%	22	16.5%
Said something to spite partner	19	14.3%	18	13.5%
Threatened to hit or throw something at partner	5	3.8%	3	2.3%
Called partner fat or ugly	4	3.0%	3	2.3%
Slapped partner	3	2.3%	3	2.3%
Insisted on sex when partner did not want to (not using physical force)	3	2.3%	6	4.5%
Pushed or shoved partner	2	1.5%	4	3.0%
Destroyed something belonging to the partner	2	1.5%	3	2.3%
Accused partner of being a lousy lover	2	1.5%	5	3.8%
Caused a sprain, bruise, or small cut because of a fight with partner	1	0.8%	0	0.0%
Hit partner with something	1	0.8%	1	0.8%
Threw something at partner that could hurt	1	0.8%	1	0.8%
Insisted my partner have oral or anal sex (but did not use force)	1	0.8%	4	3.0%
Grabbed partner with intent to harm	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Beat up partner	0	0.0%	0	0.0%

Choked partner	0	0.0%	2	1.5%
Slammed partner against wall	0	0.0%	1	0.8%
Used knife or gun on partner	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Twisted partner's arm or hair	0	0.0%	1	0.8%
Burned or scalded partner on purpose	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Used threats to make partner have oral or anal sex	0	0.0%	2	1.5%
Used force to make partner have sex	0	0.0%	1	0.8%
Used force to make partner have anal sex	0	0.0%	1	0.8%
Used threats to make partner have sex	0	0.0%	1	0.8%
Caused physical pain that still hurt the next day from fight with a partner	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Caused partner to pass out from being hit on the head	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Caused partner to go to a doctor because of a fight	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Partner needed to see a doctor because of a fight but didn't	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Caused a broken bone during a fight with a partner	0	0.0%	0	0.0%

Respondents were asked to indicate the number of times that a casual, steady, or serious dating partner had committed each of 11 listed acts with the intent to harm the respondent (see Table 8). Responses were limited to only those incidents that occurred while the respondent was a student at WNC. The most frequently reported action was the respondent being slapped (7.4%), pushed, grabbed, or shoved (5.4%), followed by being scratched or bit (4.7%), and being slammed against the wall or held against one's will (4.7%). The least common actions were respondents being beat up (0.7%), assaulted with a gun or knife (1.4%), and being hit with an object (2.0%). No differences were observed based on race, sex, or sexual orientation.

Item	None	%	Once	%	> Once	%
Slapped me	138	92.6%	6	4.0%	5	3.4%
Pushed, grabbed or shoved me	141	94.6%	3	2.0%	5	3.4%
Scratched or bit me	142	95.3%	4	2.7%	3	2.0%
Slammed me against a wall/held against my will	142	95.3%	4	2.7%	3	2.0%
Physically twisted my arm	142	95.3%	4	2.7%	3	2.0%
Threw something at me	142	95.3%	2	1.3%	5	3.4%
Tried to choke me	144	96.6%	4	2.7%	1	0.7%
Hit me with a fist	144	96.6%	3	2.0%	2	1.3%
Hit me with something hard besides a fist	146	98.0%	1	0.7%	2	1.3%
Assaulted me with a knife or gun	147	98.7%	1	0.7%	1	0.7%
Beat me up	148	99.3%	0	0.0%	1	0.7%

Knowledge of Friends' Behavior at WNC

Respondents were asked to indicate how many of their friends had committed each of six abusive actions (See Table 9). The most frequent responses were that respondents had one or more friends who “Insulted their dating partner, swore at them, and/or withheld affection” (17.6%), followed by “Expected sex when they spent money on a date (10.0%), and having ever used physical force (e.g., hitting, beating) with a dating partner (6.4%). The least frequent responses were “Made forceful attempts at sexual activity with a person they were dating” (2.2%), “Blackmailed someone with embarrassing information or photos to get sex” (2.3%), and “Talked about giving a date partner alcohol to get sex” (4.5%). None of these items differed based on the sex, race, or sexual orientation of respondents.

Item	None		One friend		> One friend	
		%		%		%
Insulted dating partner or withheld affection	346	82.4%	48	11.4%	26	6.2%
Expected sex when they spent money on a date	378	90.0%	26	6.2%	16	3.8%
Used physical force with a person they were dating	393	93.6%	24	5.7%	3	0.7%
Talked about giving a date alcohol to get sex	397	94.5%	15	3.6%	8	1.9%
Made forceful attempts at sexual activity with a dating partner	405	96.4%	11	2.6%	4	1.0%
Blackmailed someone to get sex (e.g., with photos or videos)	413	98.3%	4	1.0%	3	0.7%

Respondents' Behavior Toward Others at WNC

Respondents indicated whether they had ever committed each act from a list of eight statements describing different forms of sexual assault (see Table 10). Most respondents (97.3%) indicated that they had never committed any of the acts on the list. Eleven respondents (2.7%) reported that they had committed at least one act or that they were “unsure” about at least one act. The most commonly reported acts were that the respondent had fondled, kissed, or rubbed against someone else without consent (n = 3), that they tried to make someone give them oral sex without that person’s consent (n = 3), and that they tried to remove someone else’s clothes without consent (n = 3).

Item	Never	Once	> Once
I fondled, kissed, or rubbed up against another person's body without consent.	404	2	1
I TRIED to make someone give me oral sex even though the person didn't want that.	405	2	1
I removed a person's clothes even though the person didn't want that.	404	2	1
I TRIED to sexually penetrate someone even though the person didn't want that.	407	2	0
I sexually penetrated someone even though the person didn't want that.	406	2	0
I TRIED to perform oral sex on someone even though the person didn't want that.	406	2	0
I made someone give me oral sex even though the person didn't want that.	407	2	0
I performed oral sex on someone even though the person didn't want that.	407	2	0

The eleven respondents who reported committing at least one act of sexual assault or were unsure about at least one act were asked a series of follow-up questions about the respondents' most recent sexual encounter. Respondents were asked to indicate whether they had committed each of ten coercive actions from a list (see Table 11). The most commonly reported actions were: Showing displeasure, anger, or expressing criticism about their partner's sexuality/attractiveness (n = 3), catching the other person off-guard and ignoring cues (n = 1), and telling lies or threatening to end the relationship (n = 1). Finally, the same eleven respondents were asked to indicate whether their more recent sexual encounter involved the use of drugs. Two respondents reported that the *other* person's use of non-alcoholic drugs were involved in their most recent sexual encounters.

Item	Yes	%	No	%	Unsure	%
Showing displeasure, criticizing sexuality, getting angry	3	37.5%	5	62.5%	0	0.0%
Catching them off guard/ignoring non-verbal cues	1	12.5%	6	75.0%	1	12.5%
Verbally pressuring them (e.g., to spread rumors)	1	12.5%	7	87.5%	0	0.0%
Took advantage of inability to consent (e.g., too drunk)	1	12.5%	7	87.5%	0	0.0%
Threatening physical harm to them or someone else	1	12.5%	7	87.5%	0	0.0%
Using force, or having a weapon	1	12.5%	7	87.5%	0	0.0%
Stood in the doorway so they couldn't leave	1	12.5%	7	87.5%	0	0.0%
Coerced a verbal "yes"	1	12.5%	7	87.5%	0	0.0%
Other method not described above	0	0.0%	7	100.0%	0	0.0%
Threatening to spread nude photos/videos	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%

Unwanted Sexual Experiences

Sexual Coercion

Respondents were asked to report whether they had ever been coerced into each of five types of sexual interaction (see Table 12). A total of 18 respondents (4.4%) reported experiencing at least one form of sexual coercion. The most frequently coerced interaction was "Touching of a sexual nature" (4.2%), followed by penile-vaginal intercourse (1.7%), sexual penetration with a finger or other object (1.5%), anal intercourse (1.2%), and oral sex (1.0%).

Item	Yes	%	No	%
Touching of a sexual nature	17	4.2%	390	95.8%
Sexual intercourse (penis to vagina)	7	1.7%	400	98.3%
Sexual penetration with a finger or an object	6	1.5%	401	98.5%
Anal sex	5	1.2%	402	98.8%
Oral sex	4	1.0%	403	99.0%

Sexual Assault

Next, respondents were asked to report whether they had experienced each of three types of sexual assault (see Table 13). Seventeen respondents (4.2%) reported experiencing at least one form of sexual assault. The most frequent form of sexual assault was when the respondent was certain that someone had sexual contact with the respondent when the respondent was unable to consent due to incapacitation (e.g., being asleep, drunk, drugged, etc.; 3.0%), followed by someone having sexual contact with the respondent using physical force or threatening to harm the respondent (2.0%), and someone unsuccessfully attempting to have sexual contact with the respondent by threatening to use physical force on the respondent (1.5%). Three respondents (0.7%) suspected sexual contact when they could not provide consent due to incapacitation.

Item	Yes	%	No	%
Had sexual contact when I was unable to consent	12	3.0%	391	97.0%
Had sexual contact with me by using/threatening physical force	8	2.0%	395	98.0%
Someone attempted, but failed, to use physical force/threats for sexual contact	6	1.5%	397	98.5%
Suspected that someone had sexual contact with me when unable to consent	3	0.7%	400	99.3%

Context of assault

The seventeen respondents who reported experiencing sexual assault or suspected sexual assault were asked several sets of follow-up questions to learn more about the context of the assault, characteristics of the perpetrator, and how the assault affected the respondent. Two respondents (11.8%) indicated that the sexual assault occurred on the WNC campus, whereas 15 respondents (88.2%) indicated that the assault took place off campus.

Respondents were asked to report whether the sexual assault involved their own use of drugs, both voluntary and otherwise (see top section of Table 14). The most frequent response was that the respondent was drinking prior to the assault (47.1%), followed by the respondent being drunk at the time of the assault (37.5%), the respondent using a non-alcoholic drug voluntarily (17.6%), and the respondent being given a drug surreptitiously or coercively (11.8%). It is worth noting that three respondents (17.6%) did not know if they had been given a drug surreptitiously.

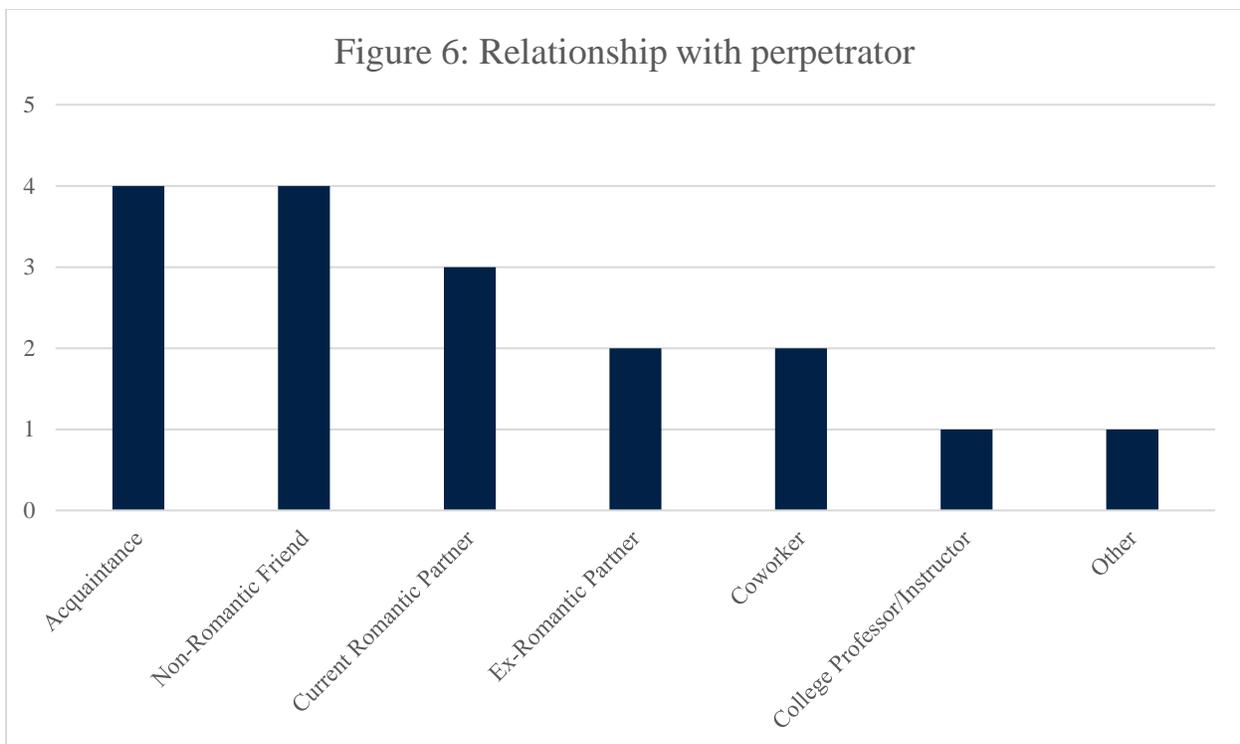
Item	Yes		No		Don't Know/No Response	
	Yes	%	No	%	Response	%
Had you been drinking alcohol prior to incident?	8	47.1%	9	52.9%	0	0.0%
Was drunk	6	37.5%	9	56.3%	1	6.3%
Voluntarily consumed non-alcoholic drug	3	17.6%	13	76.5%	1	5.9%
Consumed any drug without awareness	2	11.8%	12	70.6%	3	17.6%
The other person's use of alcohol	7	41.2%	10	58.8%	0	0.0%
The other person's use of drugs	9	52.9%	8	47.1%	0	0.0%
None of the above	9	52.9%	8	47.1%	0	0.0%
I don't know	2	11.8%	15	88.2%	0	0.0%

When asked about whether the sexual assault involved the perpetrator’s use of drugs (see bottom section of Table 14), the most common response was that the other person’s use of non-alcoholic drugs was involved (52.9%) and that the other person’s use of alcohol was involved (41.2%).

Characteristics of perpetrator

Four respondents indicated that the person who perpetrated the assault was a student at WNC and two respondents indicated that the perpetrator was affiliated with WNC as an employee (e.g., faculty/staff). Fifteen respondents (88.2%) indicated that the perpetrator was male, one indicated that the perpetrator was female (5.9%), and one indicated that the perpetrator was transgendered (5.9%).

When asked about the relationship the perpetrator had with the respondents, the most frequent response was that the perpetrator was an acquaintance (23.5%) or a non-romantic friend (23.5%), followed by a current romantic partner (17.7%), an ex-romantic partner (11.8%), a coworker (11.8%), a college professor/instructor (5.9%), or someone from a category not listed in the survey (i.e., “other”; 5.9%).



Subsequent response to sexual assault

Respondents were asked if they told anybody about the sexual assault and whether they had any reasons for deciding not to tell others or for hesitating to tell others. Seven respondents (41.2%) indicated that they told nobody about the assault. Of the ten respondents who did tell others about the assault, they most frequently told a close friend (47.1%), followed by a romantic partner (23.5%), and a parent or guardian (11.8%). No respondents indicated that they told any WNC personnel about the assault (i.e., campus counselors, campus security, the Title IX officer, nor residence hall staff; see Table 15). Respondents were also asked to indicate the extent to which WNC personnel helped respondents deal with sexual assault, but 14 respondents (82.4%) indicated that the question did not apply to themselves. Two respondents (11.8%) indicated that WNC personnel “Didn’t help me at all” and the remaining respondent (5.9%) indicated that WNV personnel “Helped me a little.”

Item	Yes	%	No	%
Close Friend other than Roommate	8	47.1%	9	52.9%
No One	7	41.2%	10	58.8%
Romantic Partner (other than the one who did this to you)	4	23.5%	13	76.5%
Parent or Guardian	2	11.8%	15	88.2%
Other	2	11.8%	15	88.2%
Other Family Member	1	5.9%	16	94.1%
Roommate	0	0.0%	17	100.0%
WNC Campus Counselor/Site Counselor /Advisor	0	0.0%	17	100.0%
WNC Campus Security	0	0.0%	17	100.0%
City Police or County Sheriff’s Office	0	0.0%	17	100.0%
Medical Personnel or Facility	0	0.0%	17	100.0%
WNC Title IX Officer, Lynn Mahlberg	0	0.0%	17	100.0%

When asked about reasons for not telling others about the sexual assault or for hesitating to tell others, the most frequent reason was that respondents wanted to forget what happened (58.8%), followed by respondents wanting to deal with the assault on their own (41.2%), respondents feeling somewhat responsible for what happened (41.2%), and respondents not wanting others to worry about him or her (41.2%). The least common reasons for not telling someone or for hesitating to tell someone about the assault were thinking that WNC would not do anything about the assault (0.0%), not knowing the reporting procedures for sexual assault at WNC (5.9%), and feeling like telling others would be an admission of failure (5.9%; see Table 16).

Item	Yes	%	No	%
Wanted to forget it happened	10	58.8%	7	41.2%
Is a private matter--wanted to deal with it on my own	7	41.2%	10	58.8%
I felt somewhat responsible for what happened	7	41.2%	10	58.8%
Didn't want others to worry about me	7	41.2%	10	58.8%
I thought I would be blamed for what happened	6	35.3%	11	64.7%
Ashamed/Embarrassed	5	29.4%	12	70.6%
Fear of punishment for infractions or violations (e.g., underage drinking)	5	29.4%	12	70.6%
Had other things I needed to focus on (e.g., classes, work)	5	29.4%	12	70.6%
Concerned others would find out	4	23.5%	13	76.5%
Didn't want the person who did it to get in trouble	3	17.6%	14	82.4%
Fear of retribution from the person who did it	3	17.6%	14	82.4%
Fear of not being believed	3	17.6%	14	82.4%
Didn't think what happened was serious enough to talk about	3	17.6%	14	82.4%
Didn't think others would understand	3	17.6%	14	82.4%
I feared others would harass me or react negatively toward me	3	17.6%	14	82.4%
I thought nothing would be done	3	17.6%	14	82.4%
No Experience/I did tell someone	2	11.8%	15	88.2%
Didn't think others would think it was serious	2	11.8%	15	88.2%
Didn't think others would think it was important	2	11.8%	15	88.2%
Didn't have time to deal with it due to academics, work, etc...	2	11.8%	15	88.2%
I did not feel the campus leadership would solve my problems	2	11.8%	15	88.2%
Other	2	11.8%	15	88.2%
Thought people would try to tell me what to do	1	5.9%	16	94.1%
Would feel like an admission of failure	1	5.9%	16	94.1%
Didn't know reporting procedure on campus	1	5.9%	16	94.1%
Didn't think the school would do anything about my report	0	0.0%	17	100.0%

Respondents were asked about the ways that the sexual assault might have affected their academic goals. Ten (58.8%) indicated that the incident did NOT affect their grades and that they did not consider leaving the school or transferring to another college. The remaining seven respondents (41.2%) indicated that the assault affected their grades and that they had considered leaving WNC or transferring to another college (see Table 17).

Item	Not at all	Somewhat	Absolutely	No Response
Affected schoolwork resulting in poor grades	10	2	5	0
Made me consider leaving school or transferring	10	2	5	0

Appendix A: Survey Instrument

Sexual Misconduct 2016 - WNC

Start of Block: Intro Questions (Everyone)

Thank you for taking time to complete this survey and for helping make WNC safer!

We are interested in your attitudes, perceptions, and experiences for the time you have been a student at Western Nevada College.

*Please answer honestly and be assured that **you will not be identified as a participant. Participation is confidential.** If you have any questions or concerns about the survey, please feel free to email Tina Nelson, Institutional Research and Effectiveness, tina.nelson@wnc.edu. For other questions or concerns, contact the Dean of Student Services, John Kinkella in Carson City at (775) 445-3271, john.kinkella@wnc.edu or in Fallon, Sherry Black, (775) 423-7565, sherry.black@wnc.edu.*

You may also review our Survey FAQ sheet at www.wnc.edu/beheard/.

	Strongly Disagree	2	3	4	5	6	Strongly Agree
	1						7
I think faculty are genuinely concerned about my welfare.	<input type="radio"/>						
I think administrators are genuinely concerned about my welfare.	<input type="radio"/>						
I am happy to be at this college.	<input type="radio"/>						
The faculty, staff, and administrators at this school treat students fairly.	<input type="radio"/>						
I feel safe at WNC.	<input type="radio"/>						
If a friend or I were sexually assaulted, I know where to go to get help.	<input type="radio"/>						
I know the procedures to address complaints of sexual assault.	<input type="radio"/>						

I have confidence that administrators will address complaints of sexual assault fairly.

Have you received training in policies, procedures, or prevention of sexual assault while you have been a student at WNC? (e.g. what is defined as sexual assault, how to report an incident, methods of prevention).

- Yes
- No

How did you receive the training? **Please select all that apply:**

- Email from WNC Counseling Services
- Orientation by Counseling Services
- Other Campus Organization (please enter) _____
- Received training elsewhere (not WNC, please enter name of organization) _____

During your time as a student at WNC, have you been 1) EXPOSED or 2) are you INTERESTED in the following outreach materials or experiences?

	Ever exposed?		I would be interested?	
	Yes	No	Yes	No

Crime alerts about sexual assaults	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Posters about sexual assault	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Discussed sexual assault/rape in class	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Seen or heard about sexual assault in a student publication or student media outlet	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Seen or heard campus administrators address sexual assault	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Received information about how to report a sexual assault at WNC	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Attended a "bystander intervention" event or program	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Read a report about sexual violence rates at WNC	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Visited a WNC website with information on sexual assault	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

Received information about Title IX protections against sexual assault

Attended a rally or other campus event about sexual assault

Taken a class to learn more about sexual assault

Volunteered or interned at an organization that addresses sexual assault

Do you recall the source of the *bystander* training or event? **Please select all that apply:**

Don't know

Orientation

Counseling Services

Student Conduct

Title IX Coordinator

Campus Police

Online training

Other Source, Person, or Event _____

These questions address **your** perception of more specific behaviors of college officials at WNC. Your perceptions may or may not be based on your personal experience. Trust your instincts.

	Strongly Disagree	2	3	4	5	6	Strongly Agree
	1						7
College officials (administrators, public safety officers) should do more to protect students from harm.	<input type="radio"/>						
If a crisis happened on campus, my college would handle it well.	<input type="radio"/>						
The college responds too slowly in difficult situations	<input type="radio"/>						
My college does enough to protect the safety of students.	<input type="radio"/>						
There is a good support system on campus for students going through difficult times.	<input type="radio"/>						

If someone were to report a sexual assault to a college authority, how likely is it that...	Not at all Likely 1	2	3	4	5	6	Very Likely 7
The college would take the report seriously.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
The college would keep knowledge of the report limited to those who need to know in order for the college to respond properly.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
The college would take steps to protect the safety of the person making the report.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
The college would take corrective action against the offender.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
The college would take steps to protect the person making the report from retaliation.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Students would label the person making the report a troublemaker.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
The alleged offender(s) or their associates would retaliate against the person making the report.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

The educational achievement/career of the person making the report would suffer.



These questions address **your perception** of **sexual misconduct** and **sexual assault** at WNC. Your perceptions may or may not be based on your personal experience. Trust your instincts.

Sexual misconduct refers to a wide range of behaviors that are unwanted:

Unwanted **remarks** about physical appearance related to a sexual nature (e.g. catcalling); Persistent **sexual advances** that are undesired; Spreading sexual pictures/photos/videos of an individual without consent; Unwanted touching, rubbing, or groping.

Sexual assault refers to a range of behaviors that are unwanted and involve sexual penetration: Unwanted oral, anal, or vaginal penetration or attempted penetration through force, threat of force, or while unable to give consent due to being incapacitated, passed out, unconscious, blackout drunk, or asleep.

	Strongly Disagree/Not at all True	2	3	4	5	6	Strongly Agree/Very True
	1						7
I don't think sexual misconduct is a problem at WNC.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
I think I can do something about sexual misconduct .	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
I don't think sexual assault is a problem at WNC.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
I think I can do something about sexual assault .	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
There isn't much need for me to think about sexual misconduct at WNC.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
There isn't much need for me to think about sexual assault at WNC.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
I would like to attend a program about preventing sexual misconduct and sexual assault.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

I have recently taken part in activities or volunteered my time on projects focused on ending sexual misconduct/sexual assault at WNC.

I have been or am currently involved in ongoing efforts to end sexual misconduct/sexual assault at WNC.

Is there a form of sexual misconduct or sexual assault that is not represented here but you believe is a problem at WNC?

Since you've been a student at WNC, have you...

	Yes	No	Unsure
Had a friend or acquaintance tell you that they were the victim of an unwanted sexual experience.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Observed a situation that you believe was, or could have led to, a sexual assault.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

You indicated that *you observed or may have observed* a situation that could have potentially led to sexual assault, how did you respond? **Please select all that apply:**

- I separated the people involved in the situation.
- I asked the person who appeared to be at risk if they needed help.
- I confronted the person who appeared to be causing the situation.
- I created a distraction to cause one or more of the people to disengage from the situation.
- I asked others to help diffuse the situation.
- I told someone in a position of authority about the situation.
- I considered intervening in the situation, but I could not safely take any action.
- While considering the situation, I lost the opportunity to take action.
- I decided not to take action.

About how long ago did this take place? [Answer for your most recent experience.]

- This year (Fall 2016 - Spring 2017)
- Last academic year (Fall 2015 - Summer 2016)
- Two or more years ago

Do you believe that alcohol has the following effects?

	Yes!!!	Yes	No	No!!!
Makes Women Sexier	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Makes Men Sexier	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Makes Me Sexier	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Facilitates sexual opportunities	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

Do you identify as a woman or man?

Woman

Man

Transgender

Prefer to self-describe _____

Which term best describes your sexual orientation?

- Straight/Heterosexual
 - Bisexual
 - Gay or Lesbian
 - Pansexual
 - Questioning
 - Queer
 - Other _____
-

Did you have sexual intercourse within the last year?

- Yes
- No

In response to the previous question:

	Yes	No
Did you drink alcohol the last time you had sexual intercourse?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Did you use other drugs the last time you has sexual intercourse?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

During your time as a student at WNC, have you done the following to anyone *in-person or by phone, text message, e-mail, or social media*? And/or has anyone done the following to you?

	I did this		Someone did this to me	
	Yes	No	Yes	No
Made sexual advances, gestures, comments, or jokes that were unwelcome	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Flashed or exposed body parts without consent	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Showed or sent sexual pictures, photos, or videos that were unwelcome	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Spread sexual rumors	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Watched or took photos/videos of someone when they were nude or having sex, without their consent	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

Are you currently in a romantic or intimate relationship?

Yes

No

Have you engaged in any of the following behaviors **at least once** with your partner within the past 12 months? Please answer each behavior in terms of what you have done as well as what your partner has done to you.

Skip items that neither you nor your partner have done.

	I did this	My partner did this to me
	Yes	Yes
Showed partner care even though we disagreed	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Explained own side of a disagreement	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Suggested a compromise to a disagreement	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Said we could work out a problem	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Agreed to try partner's solution to a disagreement	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Showed respect for my partner's feelings about an issue	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Have you engaged in any of the following behaviors **at least once** with your partner within the past 12 months? Please answer each behavior in terms of what you have done as well as what your partner has done to you.

Skip items that neither you nor your partner have done.

	I did this	My partner did this to me
	Yes	Yes

Insulted or swore at partner	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Shouted or yelled at partner	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Stomped out of the room or house/apartment during a disagreement	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Said something to spite partner	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Called partner fat or ugly	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Accused partner of being a lousy lover	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Destroyed something belonging to the partner	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Threatened to hit or throw something at partner	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Have you engaged in any of the following behaviors **at least once** with your partner within the past 12 months? Please answer each behavior in terms of what you have done as well as what your partner has done to you.

Skip items that neither you nor your partner have done.

	I did this	My partner did this to me
	Yes	Yes

Threw something at partner that could hurt	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Twisted partner's arm or hair	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Pushed or shoved partner	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Grabbed partner with intent to harm	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Slapped partner	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Beat up partner	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Hit partner with something	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Choked partner	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Slammed partner against wall	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Used knife or gun on partner	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Burned or scalded partner on purpose	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Have you engaged in any of the following behaviors at least once with your partner within the past 12 months? Please answer each behavior in terms of what you have done as well as what your partner has done to you.

Skip items that neither you nor your partner have done.

	I did this	My partner did this to me
	Yes	Yes

Insisted on sex when my partner did not want to (but did not use physical force)

Insisted my partner have oral or anal sex (but did not use force)

Used threats to make partner have sex

Used threats to make partner have oral or anal sex

Used force to make partner have sex

Used force to make partner have anal sex

Have you engaged in any of the following behaviors at least once with your partner within the past 12 months? Please answer each behavior in terms of what you have done as well as what your partner has done to you.

Skip items that neither you nor your partner have done.

	I had this	My partner had this
	Yes	Yes

Had a sprain, bruise, or small cut because of a fight with partner

Felt physical pain that still hurt the next day because of fight with a partner

Passed out from being hit on the head by my partner in a fight

Went to a doctor because of a fight with a partner

Needed to see a doctor because of a fight but didn't

Had a broken bone from a fight with a partner

How many times has a casual, steady, or serious dating or intimate partner done the following to you with the **intent to harm, without your consent, AND during your time as a student at WNC ?**

	0, None	1, Once	2 or more times
Scratched or bit me	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Slapped me	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Slammed me against a wall or held me against my will	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Physically twisted my arm	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Tried to choke me	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Pushed, grabbed or shoved me	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Threw something at me	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Hit me with a fist	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Hit me with something hard besides a fist	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Beat me up	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Assaulted me with a knife or gun	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

This next set of questions is not about you but about your **FRIENDS**. To the best of your knowledge, how many of your **FRIENDS** have **DONE** the following...

	None	1 Friend	2 or more Friends
Made forceful attempts at sexual activity with a person they were dating	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Ever used physical force, such as hitting or beating, with a person they were dating	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Insulted their dating partner, swear at them, and/or withheld affection	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Talked about giving a date alcohol to get sex	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Blackmailed someone with embarrassing information or photos/videos to get sex	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Expected sex when they spent money on a date	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

For these next questions, please answer as honestly as possible and remember your responses are completely confidential and will not be linked back to you. Have **YOU DONE** any of the

following to another student while at WNC? Note these experiences may have been as a result of you:

- Catching someone off guard, or ignoring non-verbal cues or looks;
- Telling lies, threatening to end the relationship or to spread rumors about them, or verbally pressuring them;
- Showing displeasure, criticizing their sexuality or attractiveness, or getting angry;
- Taking advantage of them when they were too drunk, asleep or out of it;
- Threatening to physically harm them or someone close to them;
- Using force, or having a weapon.

	Yes, More than Once	Yes, Once	No	Unsure
I fondled, kissed, or rubbed up against another person's body even though the person didn't want that.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
I removed a person's clothes even though the person didn't want that.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
I TRIED to sexually penetrate someone even though the person didn't want that.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
I sexually penetrated someone even though the person didn't want that.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
I TRIED to make someone give me oral sex even though the person didn't want that.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
I made someone give me oral sex even though the person didn't want that.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

I TRIED to perform oral sex on someone even though the person didn't want that.

I performed oral sex on someone even though the person didn't want that.

In regards to the previous question, did you use any of the following behaviors in your most recent sexual contact?

	Yes	No	Unsure
Showing displeasure, criticizing their sexuality or attractiveness, or getting angry?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Coerced a verbal "yes"	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Catching them off guard, or ignoring non-verbal cues or looks?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Telling lies, threatening to end the relationship or to spread rumors about them, or verbally pressuring them?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Threatening to spread nude photos/videos	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Taking advantage of them when they were too drunk, high, asleep or out if it?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Stood in the doorway so they couldn't leave	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Threatening to physically harm them or someone close to them?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Using force, or having a weapon?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Other method not described above (please specify)?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

In regards to the previous questions, did your most recent incident involve...

Please select all that apply:

- The other person's use of alcohol
 - Your use of alcohol
 - The other person's use of drugs
 - Your use of drugs
 - None of the above
-

How long ago did this take place? (Answer for your most recent experience)

- This year (Fall 2016 - Spring 2017)
- Last academic year (Fall 2015 - Summer 2016)
- Two or more years ago

Please answer the following, as honestly as you are comfortable, about your experiences with **sexual coercion** as a **student at WNC**.

Has anyone had sexual contact with you that you did not want by using sexual coercion?

Sexual coercion is threatening to tell lies, end your relationship, or spread rumors about you;

making promises you knew or discovered were untrue; or continually verbally pressuring you after you said or indicated you were not interested.

	Yes	No
Touching of a sexual nature (kissing, touching of private parts, grabbing, fondling, rubbing up against you in a sexual way, even if it is over your clothes)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Oral sex (someone's mouth or tongue making contact with your genitals or your mouth or tongue making contact with someone else's genitals)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Anal sex (someone putting their penis in your anus)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Sexual intercourse (penis to vagina)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Sexual penetration with a finger or an object (someone putting their finger or an object like an bottle or a candle in your vagina or anus)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

How recently did your experience with unwanted sexual contact due to sexual coercion occur?
(Answer for your most recent experience)

- This year (Fall 2016 - Spring 2017)
- Last academic year (Fall 2015 - Summer 2016)
- Two or more years ago

Please answer the following, as honestly as you are comfortable, about your experiences with sexual assault as a student at WNC.

These questions are about sexual assault as defined by unwanted sexual penetration through force or while unable to give consent (i.e., passed out, blackout drunk, sleeping).

	Yes	No
Has anyone had sexual contact with you by using physical force or threatening to physically harm you?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Has anyone attempted but not succeeded in having sexual contact with you by using or threatening to use physical force against you?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Has someone had sexual contact with you when you were unable to provide consent or stop what was happening because you were passed out, drugged, drunk, incapacitated, or asleep? This question asks about incidents that you are certain happened.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Have you suspected that someone has had sexual contact with you when you were unable to provide consent or stop what was happening because you were passed out, drugged, drunk, incapacitated, or asleep? This question asks about events that you think happened (but are not certain).	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

How recently did your experience with sexual assault occur? (Answer for your most recent experience)

- This year (Fall 2016 - Spring 2017)
- Last academic year (Fall 2015 - Summer 2016)
- Two or more years ago

For the next set of questions, please think of the MOST RECENT INCIDENT that occurred as a student at WNC. If you have had more than one experience of sexual assault, answer all the questions below about your most recent experience. Where did the incident occur? **Please select all that apply:**

- ON campus/site Location
 - OFF campus/siteLocation
-

Who did the UNWANTED BEHAVIOR involve? (Check one that best categorizes the other person):

- Stranger
- Acquaintance
- Roommate
- Non-Romantic Friend
- Current Romantic Partner
- Casual or First Date
- Ex-Romantic Partner
- College Professor/instructor
- College Staff
- Coworker
- Employer/Supervisor
- Family Member
- Other (Please Specify, but do not include names) _____

Was this person a student at this college?

- Yes
- No
- I Don't Know*

Was this person affiliated with the college, as an employee, staff, or faculty member?

- Yes
 - No
 - I Don't Know*
-

What was the gender of the individual who did this to you?

- Male
- Female
- Transgender

Whom did you tell about the incident? **Please select all that apply:**

- No One
- Roommate
- Close Friend other than Roommate
- Parent or Guardian
- Other Family Member
- Romantic Partner (other than the one who did this to you)
- WNC Title IX Officer, Mark Ghan
- WNC Campus Counselor/Site Counselor /Advisor
- WNC Campus Security
- Local law enforcement office
- Medical Personnel or Facility
- Other (please specify) _____

Did college personnel help you deal with the problem?

- Didn't help me at all
 - Helped me a little
 - Helped, but could have helped more
 - Helped me a lot
 - Helped me completely
 - Don't know*
 - Didn't contact College Personnel for help.*
-

If you did not tell anyone or if you hesitated telling someone, why? **Please select all that apply:**

- No Experience/I did tell someone.
- Ashamed/Embarrassed
- Is a private matter--wanted to deal with it on my own
- Concerned others would find out
- Didn't want the person who did it to get in trouble
- Fear of retribution from the person who did it
- Fear of not being believed
- I thought I would be blamed for what happened
- I felt somewhat responsible for what happened
- Didn't think what happened was serious enough to talk about
- Didn't think others would think it was serious
- Thought people would try to tell me what to do
- Would feel like an admission of failure
- Didn't think others would think it was important
- Didn't think others would understand
- Didn't have time to deal with it due to academics, work, etc...
- Didn't know reporting procedure on campus
- Feared I or another would be punished for infractions or violations (such as underage drinking)
- I did not feel the campus leadership would solve my problems

- I feared others would harass me or react negatively toward me
 - I thought nothing would be done
 - Didn't want others to worry about me
 - Wanted to forget it happened
 - Had other things I needed to focus on and was concerned about (classes, work)
 - Didn't think the school would do anything about my report
 - Other (please specify) _____
-

Did the sexual assault/rape affect your ability to do school work resulting in poor grades?

- Absolutely
- Somewhat
- Not at All

Did the sexual assault/rape make you consider leaving school or transfer to another college?

- Absolutely
 - Somewhat
 - Not at All
-

In your opinion, what should the college have done to help you or students like you stay enrolled after such an experience?

Some victims of sexual assault report feeling helpless or frozen, but not necessarily frightened. How frightened were you by the incident?

- Extremely Frightened
 - Somewhat Frightened
 - A little Frightened
 - Not at all Frightened
 - I don't remember
 - I felt helpless or frozen, not frightened
-

Keeping in mind that you are in no way responsible for the assault that occurred, even if you had been drinking, please answer the following questions. Referring to the most recent incident

at WNC:

	Yes	No	Maybe
Just prior to the incident, had you been drinking alcohol?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
If yes, were you drunk?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Just prior to the incident, had you voluntarily been taking or using any drugs other than alcohol?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Just prior to the incident, had you been given a drug without your knowledge or consent?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

Did the incident involve...

Please select all that apply:

- The other person's use of alcohol
 - The other person's use of drugs
 - None of the above
 - I don't know
-

Please feel free to add any comments you may have regarding the questions in this section or about your experience. (Please do not include names of those involved).

Thank you for participating. Your assessment of sexual conduct and campus safety will help us take action to make Western Nevada College a better place for everyone.

Please feel free to add any comments you may have regarding the questions in this assessment survey.

Please click ">>" to submit your survey responses.

You will now be redirected to WNC's Campus Safety website at www.wnc.edu/campus-safety/ to learn more about the policies, procedures, and services that aim to keep our college community safe.